GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE
LOK SABHA

UNSTARRED QUESTION NO:3426
ANSWERED ON:14.08.2000
MISUSE OF FUNDS ALLOCATED FOR MALARIA KALA-AZAR AND AIDS
RAMANAND SINGH;SHYAMA SINGH

Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government are aware that Malaria, Kala- azar and AIDS have posed serious challenge to policy makers and implementing authorities;

(b) if, so the details thereof;

(c) the total fund allocated to each States for the eradication of malaria, small-pox, diarrhoea, leprosy, kala- azar and AIDS programmes during each of the last three years;

(d) the total fund spent by each State on each programme out of the total funds allocated during the above period.

(e) whether the State Government have grossly misused the funds allocated to them for Malaria, Kala-azar and AIDS diseases during each of the last three years;

(f) if so, the facts and details thereof, State-wise; and

(g) the steps contemplated by the Government to check spread of these diseases in future?

Answer

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (PROF. RITA VERMA)

(a) & (b) Malaria: Malaria is one of the public health problems in some parts of the country. However, with the launching of Modified Plan of Operations (MPO) for control of malaria since April, 1977, the incidence of malaria has been brought down to 2.18 million cases in 1984 against 6.4 million cases recorded in 1976. Since then the incidence of malaria has been contained between 2-3 million cases annually.

Kala-azar: Kala-azar is mainly prevalent in some parts of Bihar and West Bengal Decline in incidence of Kala-azar was recorded from 1992 to 1995. However, due to operational problems like untimely spray of DDT for interruption of transmission shortage of staff for search of hidden cases of Kala-azar, there has been increase in incidence of Kala- azar.

AIDS:AIDS is a serious disease.HIV infected persons remaina symptomatic for 5-7 years during which they spread infection. Besides, there is no cure for HIV AIDS which can eliminate the infection from the body of the infected person.

(c) & (d): Small pox has been eradicated from the country.

There is no specific national programme for eradication of diarrhoea.

Allocation of Central assistance, state-wise and expenditure incurred thereof by the States under National Anti Malaria Programme (NAMP). Kala-azar Control Programme, National Leprosy Eradication Programme and National AIDS Control Programme during the last 3 years may be seen at Annexures-I, II, III & IV respectively.

(e) & (f): Information about misutilisation of Central funds by the States under these Programmes is not available.

However, a recent report of C&AG refers to a few cases of diversion of funds from designated activities for Malaria control to other forms of expenditure in some States/Uts.

(g) The steps taken to control Malaria in the States include:-

Ã º Intensification of early detection and prompt treatment of malaria, including complicated cases by newer drugs.

Ã º Intensification of vector control measures through prioritization of areas for selective spray with appropriate insecticides and alternative and integrated vector control methods.

Ã º Introduction of newer insecticides like Synthtic Pyrethroids for slective use as per technical requirements.

Ã º Intensification of Information Education and Communication (IEC) activities for public awareness and community participation.

Ã º Institutional and management capacity building, manpower development through intensive reorientation programme at all levels and efficient Management Information System (MIS).

Ã º Implementation of an Enhance Malaria Control project (EMCP) with World Bank support under the National Anti Malaria Programme (NAMP) since September, 1997 covering 1045 Primary Health Centres (PHCs) in 100 predominantly tribal highly Malaria endemic districts of 7 peninsular States, namely, Andhra Pradesh, Bihar, Orissa, Gujarat, Maharashtra, Madhya Pradesh and Rajasthan and 19 cities towns having high endemicity of malaria in these States and the States of Karnataka, Tamil Nadu and West Bengal for intensification of Malaria Control activities by way of additional inputs through a mix of interventions.

Ã º Providing 100% Central assistance to the 7 North Eastern States since December, 1994 under NMEP.

Kala-azar: The steps taken for containment of Kala-azar include:-

Ã º Supply of anti Kala-azar drug free of cost through the State Governments.

Ã º Interruption of transmission through vector control by undertaking residual spray of DDT in affected areas.

Ã º Early diagnosis and complete treatment through Primary Health Care System.

Ã º Health education and community participation.

Ã º Organization of Orientation Training for the Officers involved in implementation of the Kala-azar Control Programme.

Leprosy: In the project plan for the next 3 years to check spread of the disease major thrust is proposed to be given on 5 endemic States of Bihar, Orissa, Uttar Pradesh, Madhya Pradesh and West Bengal, besides, integration of leprosy in general health care.

AIDS: In order to prevent and control the spread of HIV/AIDS in India, a comprehensive programme is currently under implementation throughout the country as a Centrally sponsored scheme. The main components consist of:-

Ã º Reducing the spread of HIV in groups at high risk by identification of target populations and providing peer counseling,condom promotion, treatment of sexually transmitted infections.

Ã º Preventive interventions for the general populations by Information, Education and Communication (IEC) and awareness campaign, provision of voluntary testing and counseling, safe blood transfusion services and prevention of occupational exposure.

Ã º Providing financial assistance for opportunistic infections, home and community based care to people living with HIV/AIDS.

Ã º Strengthening effectiveness and technical, managerial, financial sustainability at National State and Municipal level.

Ã º Promoting collaboration amongst public, private and voluntary sector.

ANNEXURE-I

STATEMENT SHOWING STATE-WISE CENTRAL ALLOCATION (CASH & KIND) AND EXPENDITURE UNDER NAMP (FOR T YEAR 1997-98, 1998-99 AND 1999-2000)

(Rs. In lakhs)

Sl No.	Name of State/UTs	1997-98 EXPENDITURE	1998-99 EXPENDITURE	1999-2000 EXPENDITURE
1	Andhra Pradesh	617	482.93	663.5
2	Arunachal Pradesh	297.5	186.61	229.22
3	Assam	2618	2170.42	2616.72
4	Bihar	348.98	403.05	578.66
5	Goa	5.18	7.72	4.54
6	Gujarat	726.77	611.11	349.95
7	Haryana	291.08	260.39	160.95
8	Himachal Pradesh	90.84	51.47	92.45

9 Jammu & Kashmir	78.62	72.57	103.39
10 Karnataka	568.62	264.47	229.29
11 Kerala	63.6	102.73	49.63
12 Madhya Pradesh	1072.77	454.49	443.28
13 Maharashtra	1028.44	260.26	181.51
14 Manipur	273.91	377.34	219.53
15 Meghalaya	196.96	231.55	212.27
16 Mizoram	132	172.53	190.03
17 Nagaland	212.62	183.34	308.33
18 Orissa	233.43	385.14	436.17
19 Punjab	183.26	290.67	148.45
20 Rajasthan	1799.74	1994.15	1075.71
21 Sikkim	1.77	8.47	7.9
22 Tamil Nadu	204.85	240.72	114.19
23 Tripura	414.05	356.97	379.31
24 Uttar Pradesh	505.73	1121.92	527.8
25 West Bengal	125.71	330.9	501.99
26 A & N Islands	93.83	155.68	111.28
27 Chandigarh	48.53	44.3	34.35
28 D & N Haveli	24.75	24.9	34.85
29 Daman & Diu	12.37	10.08	12.97
30 Delhi	66.04	37.21	20.1
31 Lakshadweep	3.48	5.24	5.82
32 Pondicherry	12.48	6.15	11.28
Total:	12352.94	11305.48	10055.44

ANNEXURE - II

STATEMENT SHOWING CENTRAL ALLOCATION OF FUNDS AND EXPENDITURE INCURRED THEREOF UNDER KAL CONTROL PROGRAMME FOR THE YEAR 1997-98, 1998-99 AND 1999-2000

(Rs. In lakhs)

Sl. No	Name of the State	1997-98	1998-99	1999-2000
1	Bihar	880.91	806.22	875.21
2	West Bengal	89.82	193.78	124.71
Total:		970.73	1000.00	1000.00

STATE-WISE ALLOCATION & EXPENDITURE FOR LAST 3 YEARS UNDER NMEP

ANNEXURE-III

(Rs. In lakhs)

Sl. No	Name of State/UTs	1997-98		1998-99		1999-2000	
		All	Exp.	All	Exp.	All	Exp.
1	Andhra	539.07	391.83	291.10	538.63	374.11	334.31

Pradesh						
2 Arunachal Pradesh	47.00	57.85	163.09	132.35	59.86	97.24
3 Assam	292.65	252.87	240.50	245.96	194.30	188.84
4 Bihar	455.21	335.25	493.70	707.76	844.44	821.52
5 Goa	8.80	4.22	10.00	1.94	049	6.28
6 Gujarat	196.27	197.47	120.15	153.85	119.14	209.20
7 Haryana	22.57	16.66	20.00	53.73	38.35	36.86
8 Himachal Pradesh	18.00	46.18	101.77	90.72	54.34	70.81
9 Jammu & Kashmir	49.95	46.30	141.00	92.51	54.79	47.25
10 Karnataka	379.01	245.56	284.50	349.86	226.44	157.95
11 Kerala	199.24	210.39	231.40	226.63	130.41	122.61
12 Madhya Pradesh	649.77	350.68	597.13	1210.57	643.54	527.15
13 Maharashtra	391.15	447.22	398.50	284.77	312.44	290.03
14 Manipur	35.22	45.47	129.86	137.61	95.71	332.51
15 Meghalaya	19.00	42.55	69.72	62.84	40.84	46.68
16 Mizoram	61.00	62.93	75.43	91.81	49.60	17.64
17 Nagaland	128.49	139.28	48.50	70.38	106.09	78.53
18 Orissa	444.65	411.94	322.10	420.30	447.67	271.73
19 Punjab	37.00	96.04	131.00	117.32	98.46	238.81
20 Rajasthan	35.00	233.30	485.51	263.37	148.37	116.88
21 Sikkim	48.40	49.99	64.00	94.58	71.36	22.82
22 Tamil Nadu	117.00	179.22	285.00	635.76	231.18	147.31
23 Tripura	20.00	9.90	74.35	39.41	47.98	18.23
24 Uttar Pradesh	779.95	414.01	608.00	1110.29	1311.54	884.79
25 West Bengal	397.81	185.91	252.80	724.07	444.33	713.55
26 A & N Islands	6.50	8.88	6.50	6.47	2.00	4.46
27 Chandigarh	0.50	3.01	6.00	6.79	9.21	3.00
28 D & N Haveli	6.46	0.50	1.00	7.47	1.00	4.52
29 Daman & Diu	4.50	13.73	9.50	15.63	0.50	1.93
30 Delhi	0.50	0.11	52.65	8.12	11.00	37.87
31 Lakshadweep	2.00	0.00	11.53	54.29	1.00	0.00
32 Pondicherry	16.45	8.40	1.85	4.42	9.50	3.01
Total:	5449.00	4507.65	5728.14	7960.21	6179.99	5854.32

Note: Amount allocated also includes funds released to District Leprosy Societies.
In addition anti leprosy drugs are provided free of cost.

ANNEXURE-IV

NATIONAL AIDS CONTROL PROGRAMME ALLOCATION & UTILIZATION OF FUNDS TO STATES AND UTs.

(Rs. In lakhs)

Sl. No	Name of State/UTs	1997-98 Grants Released	1998-99 Grants Released	1999-2000 Grants Released
1	Andhra Pradesh	425.00	650.00	1219.67
2	Arunachal Pradesh	25.00	30.00	159.00
3	Assam	100.00	100.00	322.00
4	Bihar	50.00	110.00	56.00
5	Goa	50.00	35.00	98.00
6	Gujarat	250.00	230.00	721.00
7	Haryana	75.00	160.00	270.00
8	Himachal Pradesh	225.00	115.00	818.00
9	Jammu & Kashmir	25.00	25.00	84.00
10	Karnataka	175.00	335.00	801.67
11	Kerala	100.00	65.00	230.00
12	Madhya Pradesh	150.00	315.00	352.31

13	Maharashtra	950.00	800.00	998.35
14	Manipur	150.00	245.00	352.38
15	Meghalaya	25.00	30.00	70.14
16	Mizoram	100.00	100.00	168.00
17	Nagaland	155.00	227.00	380.00
18	Orissa	75.00	100.00	200.00
19	Punjab	75.00	100.00	312.39
20	Rajasthan	225.00	100.00	150.00
21	Sikkim	50.00	50.00	25.00
22	Tamil Nadu	2000.00	800.00	883.09
23	Tripura	50.00	20.00	50.00
24	Uttar Pradesh	495.00	200.00	851.00
25	West Bengal	100.00	350.00	425.00
26	Delhi	25.00	110.00	283.00
27	Pondicherry	0.00	40.00	25.00
28	A & N Islands	31.09	20.00	50.00
29	Chandigarh	28.00	60.00	115.00
30	D & N Haveli	16.00	-	25.00
31	Daman & Diu	24.22	15.00	95.00
32	Lakshadweep	15.42	-	25.00
33	MDACS, Mumbai	-	350.00	670.00
34	Ahemdabad MC	-	5.00	75.00
35	Chennai MC	-	-	125.00
Total:		6239.73	5942.00	10975.00